

2011 WISCONSIN STATE, COUNTY, AND DISTRICT FAIRS ANIMAL HEALTH RULES AND REGULATIONS

SUMMARY

If a fair or livestock exhibition lasts more than 24 hours, the sponsors shall appoint a licensed veterinarian to conduct a daily inspection of all livestock at the fair or exhibition. The veterinarian shall review all records and test results required under ATP 10.87. If a fair or exhibition lasts less than 24 hours, all records or test results required by ATP 10.87 shall be reviewed by a licensed veterinarian or by the show chairperson. Records shall include exhibitors name and address, identification of animals exhibited including number, type and description, documentation to show compliance with disease testing and other health requirements, and the livestock premises code, if any, of the premises from which the animals originate.

This is a summary of DATCP animal health requirements for fairs and exhibitions only. These requirements may change due to animal disease emergence in Wisconsin or other states, for example, vesicular stomatitis in the western states. It is always advisable to check the **Wisconsin Division of Animal Health** website for current import requirements when planning to exhibit animals from outside the state of Wisconsin: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/index.aspx. You may also call 608-224-4874 for the import requirements. **Animals meeting exhibition requirements may not meet all import or movement requirements for other purposes.**

The fair and WDATCP have the right to make such tests and examinations as may be necessary to determine the disease status of any animal exhibited and to exclude or remove any animal afflicted with or suspected of being afflicted with a contagious or infectious disease. If at any time any animal shows evidence of a contagious or infectious disease, it shall be immediately removed from the exhibit and slaughtered or quarantined as directed by the department.

CATTLE AND BISON

Cattle affected with ringworm, warts, mange, or scab may not be exhibited, unless the veterinarian in charge determines the ringworm lesions or warts are inactive and incapable of transmitting the disease. Any cattle found with ringworm, warts, mange or scab that are active shall be removed from the premises of the fair or exhibition.

Cattle originating from within Wisconsin

There are no test or health document requirements for Wisconsin cattle. However, fair management is responsible for maintaining records for 5 years of persons who have exhibited at the fair, the livestock premises code, if any, and the identification of animals shown. Acceptable forms of animal identification for breeding animals are (1) an official metal eartag, (2) a breed registration number, (3) a breed registration tattoo, or (4) other identification approved by the department. For steers, either an official identification as listed for breeding animals or the eartag applied at weigh-in may be used. Entry blanks submitted and signed by exhibitors, including one of the forms of identification listed above will fulfill the exhibitor requirements.

Cattle originating from outside Wisconsin

A certificate of veterinary inspection shall accompany all cattle documenting animal identification (see above) and all tests or certifications required. Animals must meet normal Wisconsin requirements for interstate movement.

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for cattle originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Cattle_Bison/index.aspx.

Steers are exempt from any brucellosis test requirement.

Cattle from Brucellosis Certified Free herds in Class A states may enter Wisconsin without a prior brucellosis test if the certified herd number and the last test date appear on the certificate of veterinary inspection.

All cattle originating from Modified Accredited Advanced states, or states that Wisconsin treats as MAA because of diagnosed cases of bovine tuberculosis, shall have a negative tuberculosis test within 60 days of import. Call the Division of Animal Health for a current listing of these states.

Cattle imported from states not recognizing Wisconsin's Tuberculosis Free status shall be required to have a negative tuberculosis test for cattle within 60 days of import. Call the Division of Animal Health for a list of these states or review the department's web site at http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Cattle_Bison/index.aspx.

Cattle originating from Tuberculosis Accredited Free herds (except **Michigan**) may enter without a prior tuberculosis test if the accredited herd number appears on the certificate.

Cattle originating from Modified Accredited states (**Michigan** or other states that have areas or zones classified as Modified Accredited) must have an import permit number, a certificate of veterinary inspection which includes a statement that the cattle will be returning to the state of origin directly after the fair or exhibition, and documentation of the special tuberculosis testing: Each animal attending a fair must have a negative individual TB test within 60 days of the date of import, and the herd the animal comes from must have a negative whole-herd TB test (for animals one year and older) within 12 months of the date of import. Exhibitors should contact the Division of Animal Health at 608-224-4874, well in advance of the fair or exhibition, to determine any changes in the testing requirements. Animals for exhibition from Modified Accredited states are required to return directly to the state of origin after exhibition.

Cattle from Canada may be exhibited in Wisconsin if they meet current federal requirements to cross the international border.

SWINE

Swine originating from within Wisconsin

All swine shall be accompanied by a Wisconsin intrastate movement certificate stating that the herd of origin has been inspected on the farm within 30 days prior to the fair or exhibition and no apparent disease has been present in the herd for the past 30 days. The certificate must also include all required test documentation.

Swine originating from outside Wisconsin

All swine shall originate from a state classified as pseudorabies Stage V and be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection including official identification and a statement that no pseudorabies vaccine has been administered to the swine.

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for swine originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Swine/index.aspx.

If the state of origin is not pseudorabies Stage V, all swine shall have a negative pseudorabies test within 30 days of arrival at the fair or exhibition or originate from a qualified-negative pseudorabies herd that is qualified by testing 7% of the herd each month, or originate from a commercial swine herd in a state classified as Stage IV or V. The date of the last monthly test must be included on the certificate.

SHEEP

Sheep originating from within Wisconsin

Sexually-intact sheep of any age, and all other sheep 12 months of age and older, must be identified with official scrapie ear tags or other official individual identification. Sexually intact sheep exposed to scrapie will not be allowed to attend the fair or exhibition.

Sheep originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for sheep originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Sheep_Goats/index.aspx.

All sheep shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection. All sheep must be identified with official scrapie ear tags or other official individual identification. Sheep exposed to scrapie will not be allowed to enter Wisconsin.

GOATS

Goats originating from within Wisconsin

Sexually-intact goats of any age, and all other goats 12 months of age and older, must be identified with official scrapie ear tags or other official individual identification. Sexually intact goats exposed to scrapie will not be allowed to attend the fair or exhibition.

Goats originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for goats originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Sheep_Goats/index.aspx.

All goats shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection. All goats must be identified with official scrapie ear tags or other official individual identification. Goats exposed to scrapie will not be allowed to enter Wisconsin.

Goats originating from Modified Accredited states (**Michigan**) must have an import permit number, a certificate of veterinary inspection which includes a statement that the goats will be returning to the state of origin directly after the fair or exhibition, and documentation of the special tuberculosis testing: Each animal attending a fair or exhibition must have a negative individual TB test within 60 days of the date of import, and the herd the animal comes from must have a negative whole-herd TB test (for animals one year and older) within 12 months of the date of import. Exhibitors should contact the Division of Animal Health at 608-224-4874, well in advance of the fair or exhibition, to determine any changes in the testing requirements. Animals from Modified Accredited states are required to return directly to the state of origin after the fair or exhibition concludes.

EQUINE

Equine animals originating from within Wisconsin

All equine animals shall be accompanied by documentation of a negative EIA test conducted *within the current calendar year* and which clearly identifies the equine by registration number, lip tattoos or freeze brand, or a complete description of the equine. Documentation must either be an official test report VS 10-11, a USDA-approved electronic test form, a Global Vet Link (GVL) equine infectious anemia test electronic form, or a certificate of veterinary inspection with the negative EIA results listed.

Equine animals originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for horses and other equines originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Horses/index.aspx.

All equine animals shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection (CVI) and have been tested negative for equine infectious anemia (EIA) *within the current calendar year*, i.e., since Jan. 1, 2011. The certificate must clearly identify the equine by a registration number, lip tattoo or freeze brand, or a complete description of the equine animal. Equines from Minnesota are exempt from the CVI requirement if all of the following apply: 1) Ownership does not change while the animal is in this state; 2) the animal remains in this state for no more than 7 days; and 3) the animal is accompanied by a report of a negative equine infectious anemia test from the current calendar year.

LLAMAS AND EXOTIC RUMINANTS

Llamas, Alpacas, and Exotic Ruminants originating from within Wisconsin

There are no requirements.

Llamas and Alpacas originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for llamas and alpacas originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Llamas_Alpacas_Guanacos/index.aspx.

All llamas and alpacas must be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection and have official animal identification.

Exotic Ruminants originating from within Wisconsin

There are no requirements.

Exotic Ruminants originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for llamas and alpacas originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Exotic_Ruminants/index.aspx.

Exotic ruminants are required to have a written import permit, must be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection, and have official animal identification. A negative tuberculosis test within 60 days prior to import, and a negative brucellosis test within 30 days prior to import, shall be recorded on the certificate of veterinary inspection, which is faxed to the Division of Animal Health (608-224-4871) prior to the import permit being issued.

POULTRY

Poultry originating from within Wisconsin

All poultry and waterfowl must originate from flocks designated as U.S. Pullorum-Typhoid Clean or NPIP Affiliate flock and accompanied by a NPIP certificate or originate from a Wisconsin Tested Flock or Wisconsin Associate Flock and be accompanied by an enrollment certificate provided by the department certifying that they are a Wisconsin Tested Flock or Wisconsin Associate Flock. Sexually mature birds that do not meet these requirements may qualify with documentation of a negative test for pullorum-typhoid (and *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* for turkeys) conducted within

90 days prior to arrival at the show or exhibition, and be individually identified with a wing band or leg band. Turkeys, except those going directly to slaughter from the show or exhibition, may not be commingled with other poultry. This may be accomplished by separate housing or controlling the air flow or placement and spacing to prevent movement of *M. gallisepticum* from other poultry to the turkeys. The show or exhibition veterinarian should make this decision.

Poultry originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for poultry originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Poultry/index.aspx.

All poultry and game birds entering Wisconsin must originate from flocks that are enrolled in the National Poultry Improvement Plan (NPIP) or an equivalent program in the state of origin. The birds must be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection or equivalent and it must state that the poultry and game birds originate from flocks that are classified U.S. pullorum typhoid- clean under NPIP or an equivalent program in the state of origin. Sexually mature birds that do not meet these requirements may qualify with documentation of a negative test for pullorum-typhoid (and *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* for turkeys) conducted within 90 days prior to arrival at the show or exhibition, and be individually identified with a wing band or leg band. Turkeys, except those going directly to slaughter from the show or exhibition, may not be commingled with other poultry. This may be accomplished by separate housing or controlling the air flow or placement and spacing to prevent movement of *M. gallisepticum* from other poultry to the turkeys. The show or exhibition veterinarian should make this decision.

CERVIDAE

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current movement requirements for cervids originating from within Wisconsin and from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Deer_Elk/index.aspx.

Cervidae originating from within Wisconsin

All cervidae must be officially identified, be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection, be enrolled in a CWD monitoring program meeting the requirements of ATCP 10.56, and originate from an accredited TB-free herd, qualified TB-free herd, monitored herd-tested within 90 days of movement, or the farm-raised deer tests negative on two single cervical tuberculin tests conducted 90 to 270 days apart, isolated, and the second test within 90 days of the date of movement.

Cervidae originating from outside Wisconsin

All cervidae must have a pre-entry import permit number from the department and approved by the State Veterinarian (phone: 608-224-4886), official identification, a certificate of veterinary inspection, and meet Wisconsin requirements for interstate movement (ATCP 10.55).

Cervidae originating from **Michigan** must have an import permit number and require special tuberculosis testing. Exhibitors should contact the Division of Animal Health at 608-224-4886 well in advance of the fair or exhibition to determine their testing requirements.

DOGS AND DOMESTIC CATS

Dogs and cats originating from within Wisconsin (privately-owned)

Dogs over 5 months of age must have proof of current rabies vaccination.

Dogs and cats originating from outside Wisconsin (privately-owned)

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for privately-owned dogs and domestic cats originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Household_Pets/index.aspx.

All dogs and domestic cats shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection and have proof of a current rabies vaccination if the dog or cat is five months old or older. See ATCP 10.80 for specific vaccination information.

OTHER SMALL ANIMALS (RABBITS, GUINEA PIGS, ETC.)

Small animals originating from within Wisconsin (privately-owned)

There are no requirements.

Small animals originating from outside Wisconsin (privately-owned)

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has current import requirements for privately-owned small animals originating from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Household_Pets/index.aspx.

All small animals shall be accompanied by a certificate of veterinary inspection. Privately-owned animals that are participating in competitions, as opposed to performing and menagerie animals, do not need an import permit. There are no testing or vaccination requirements.

CIRCUS, RODEO, RACING AND MENAGERIE ANIMALS

Circus/rodeo/racing/menagerie animals originating from within Wisconsin

Animals must meet vaccination and testing requirements for their species. Please see the in-state sections for the appropriate species. Please note: Local jurisdictions may have additional requirements or restrictions.

Circus/rodeo/racing/menagerie animals originating from outside Wisconsin

The Wisconsin Division of Animal Health website has a page on how to import circus, rodeo, and menagerie animals from other states: http://datcp.wi.gov/Animals/Animal_Movement/Circuses_Rodeos/index.aspx.

Except as noted, all shall have an import permit from the department. The exceptions are single-species menageries of animals that otherwise do not require an import permit; examples include, but are not limited to, pony rides, racing pigs, and performing dogs. Also, horses owned by individual rodeo participants do not need an import permit. All animals shall be isolated from all non-circus, non-rodeo, and non-menagerie animals at the fair or exhibition. They must meet current import requirements. Phone 608-224-4874 for a permit application. Show and exhibition managers: Please note that this requirement applies to all animals belonging to midway attractions and rodeos.

ADVISORY FOR HOUSING NON-TRADITIONAL LIVESTOCK AND FOR MANAGEMENT OF OTHER ANIMALS WHILE THE FAIR IS UNDERWAY:

The department makes the following recommendations, but these are not required by statute or administrative rule:

1. Exotic camelids (llamas, vicuñas, alpacas, and guanacos), other exotic ruminants and cervidae should not be housed with domestic cattle.
2. Ratites (ostriches, emus, rheas, and cassowaries) should not be housed with domestic poultry.
3. Small ruminants (especially sheep) should not be housed with domestic cattle.
4. Swine should not be housed with other mammalian species.
5. Since bovine viral diarrhea (BVD), an infectious disease of cattle, can spread rapidly under the conditions of a fair or exhibition, the department strongly recommends that all breeding cattle exhibited at Wisconsin fairs or exhibitions be properly vaccinated against BVD at least 30 days prior to the event. Exhibitors should consult with their veterinarians regarding the proper choice of vaccine and the correct schedule for its administration.
6. Cattle should test negative for BVD-PI by immunoperoxidase test and negative for Johne's disease by the ELISA test.
7. Common watering and feeding troughs should not be used.
8. All vehicles used to transport animals to and from the fair or exhibition, or used at the fair or exhibition, should be cleaned and disinfected prior to and after use for this purpose.
9. All animals found to be afflicted with a contagious or infectious disease must be promptly removed from the premises.
10. Hand wash stations should be provided near all livestock facilities.
11. All fair or exhibition livestock entry forms should have a space for the Premises Registration Code.